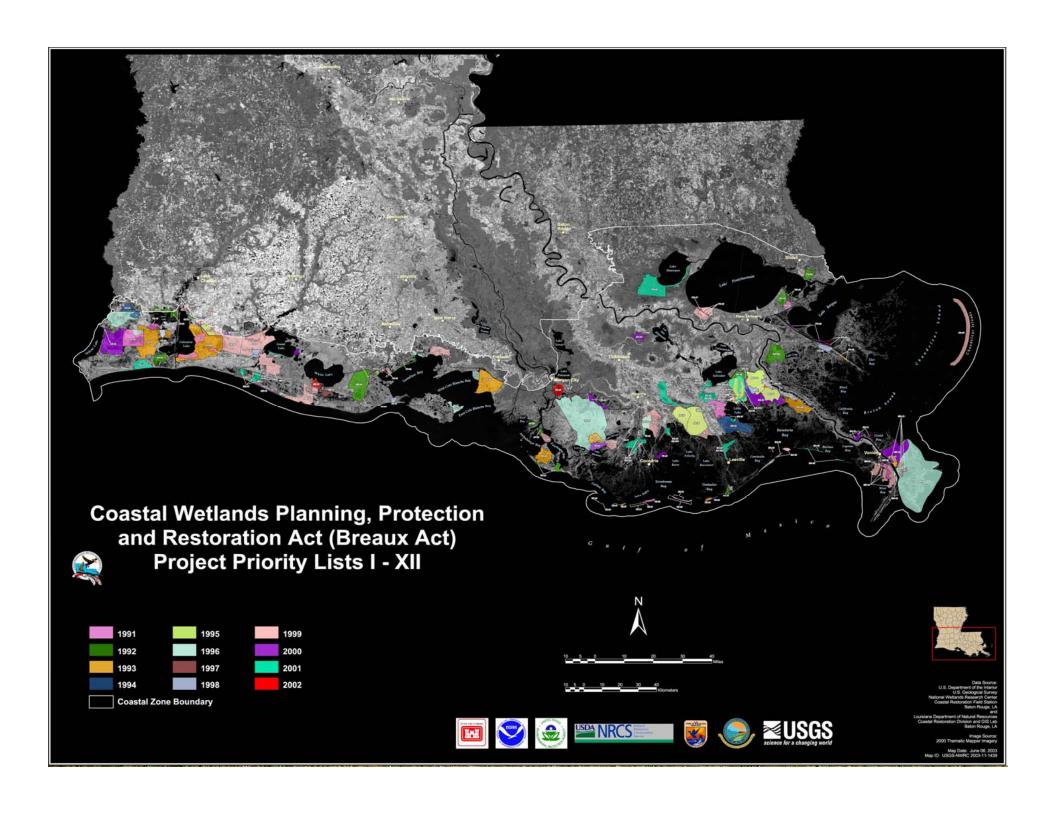


Louisiana Department of Natural Resources
Coastal Restoration Division

U.S. Geological Survey
National Wetlands Research Center

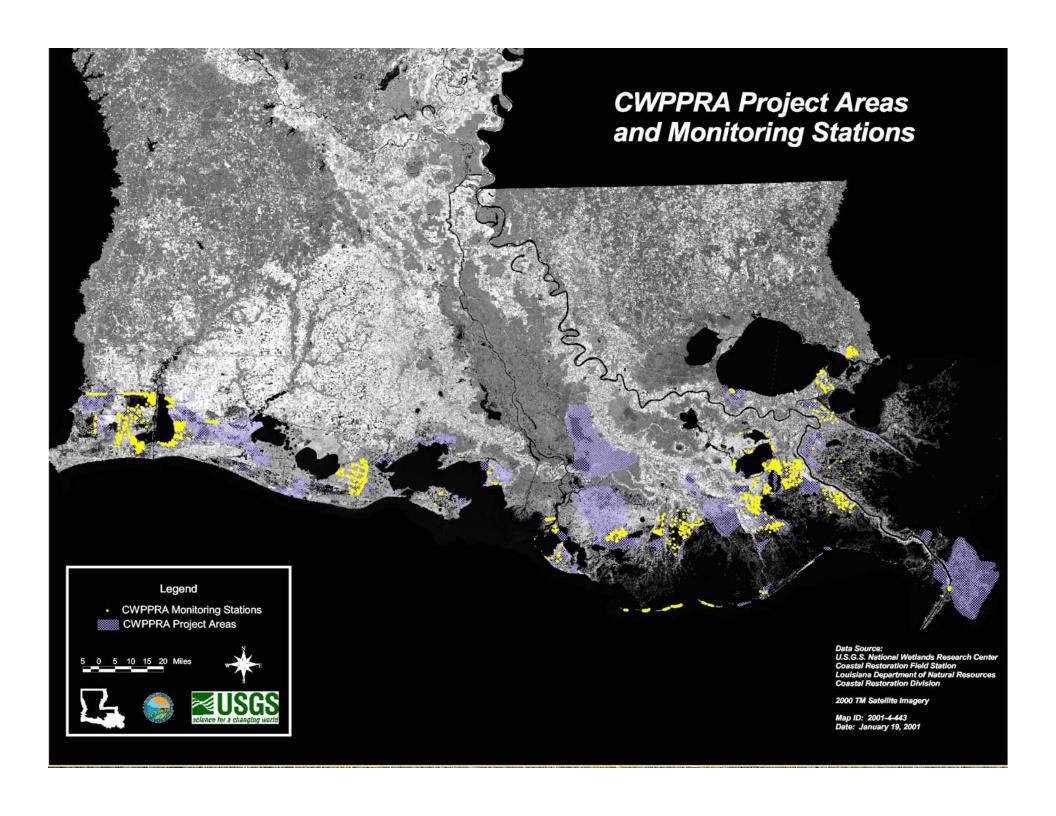




CWPPRA Monitoring Mandates

"an evaluation of the effectiveness of each coastal wetlands restoration project in achieving long-term solutions to arresting coastal wetlands lost in Louisiana"

"a scientific evaluation of the effectiveness of the coastal wetlands restoration projects carried out under the plan in creating, restoring, protecting and enhancing coastal wetlands in Louisiana"

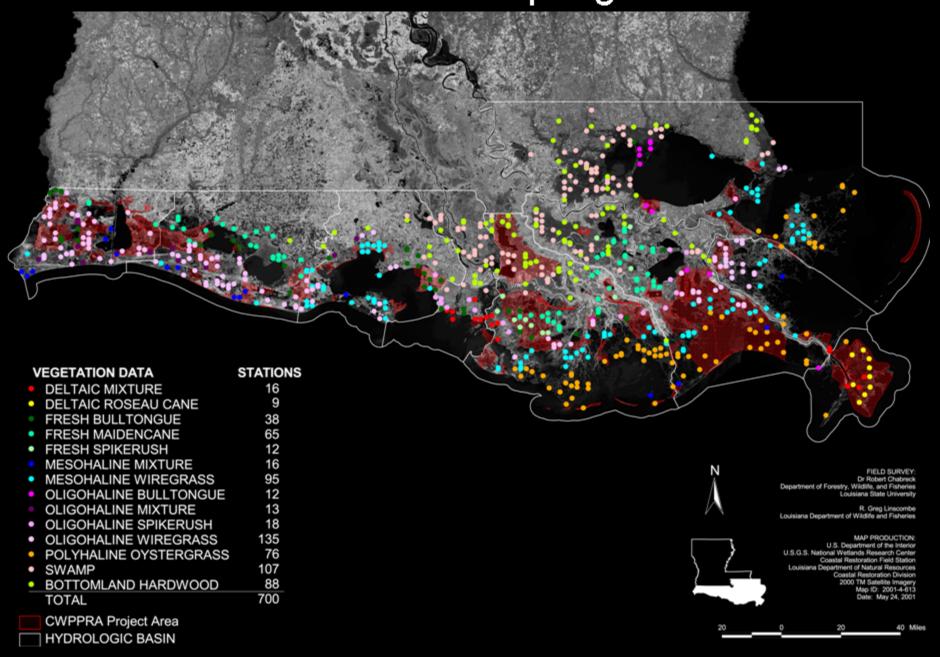


Coastwide Reference Monitoring System

Purpose:

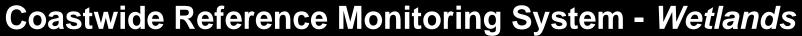
- To improve our ability to determine the effectiveness of individual coastal restoration projects.
- Provide information to evaluate coastal wetlands at the ecosystem, basin, and restoration project scale.
- To determine the ecological condition of coastal wetlands based on the variables measured to ensure that the strategic coastal plan for Louisiana (Coast 2050 and LCA) is effective in recreating a sustainable coastal ecosystem.

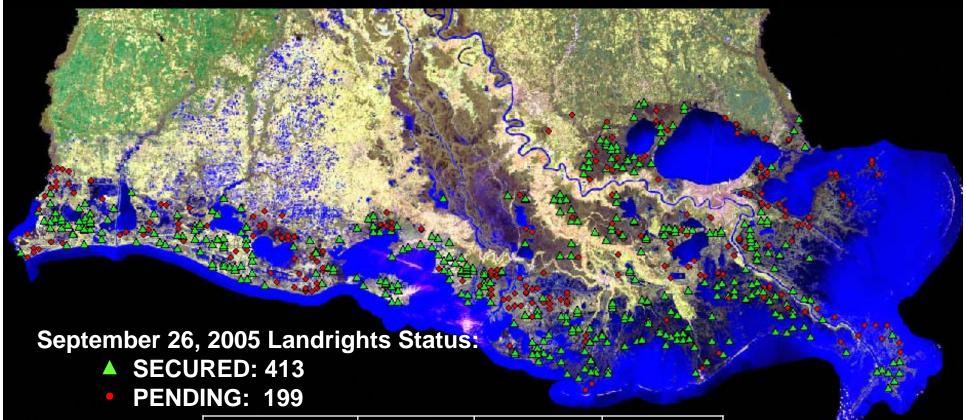
CRMS - Wetlands Sampling Stations



CRMS - Wetlands Design

- 612 CRMS-Wetlands sites to be established over the next 3 years. 200 sites will be collected annually with the remainder in a 3-year cycle. Year 1 sites in 2005/2006 and again in 2008/2009.
- 104 stations in Barataria Basin will be sampled every year for first four years and re-sampled (Monte Carlo simulations) to assess power of design.
- Aspects of ecosystem structure and function will be measured at each site including elevation dynamics, vegetative assemblage, and hydrologic parameters to support functional model development.





	Secured	Pending	Total
Annual Stations	138	49	187
Year 1 Stations	92	51	143
Year 2 Stations	96	42	138
Year 3 Stations	87	57	144
Total	413	199	612

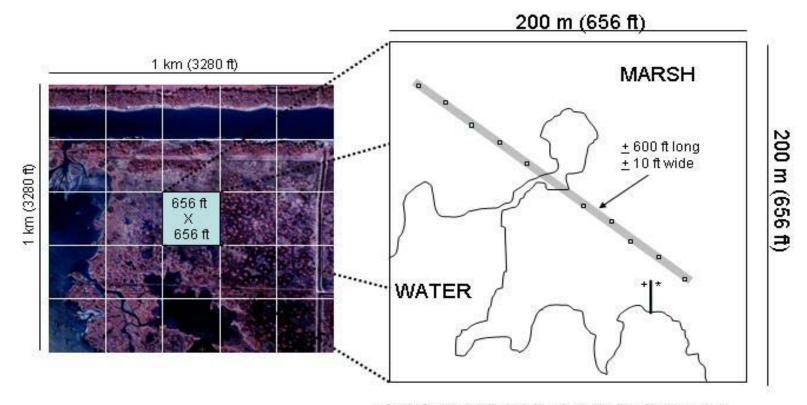
LANDRIGHTS

Data collection at each site

Parameter	Method	Scale	Frequency
Land to Water Ratio	Satellite Imagery	Hydrologic Basin	3 years
Land to Water Ratio	Digital Aerial Photography	CRMS Site (1 Km²)	3 years
Emergent Vegetation	Braun Blanquet: % Cover, Species Richness, Height of Dominant Species	(10) 2m x 2m plots/CRMS Site	Annually during peak biomass
Forested Vegetation	DBH and Canopy Cover	(5) 20m x 20m plots/CRMS Site	Annually during peak biomass
Vertical Accretion	Feldspar Plots/Cryogenic Cores	3 plots/CRMS Site	Bi-annually
Marsh Elevation Change	Rod Surface Elevation Table (RSET)	4 directions/CRMS Site	Bi-annually
Porewater Salinity	10 and 30 cm deep wells Syringe/Sipper	3 wells per depth/CRMS Site and at Vegetation Plots	Monthly Annually
Surface Water Salinity, Temp and Water Level	Submersible Data Logger	in available water within 200 m of CRMS Site or in a well	Hourly
Soil Characteristics	Core samples profiled into 4 cm increments to 24 cm. Bulk Density, OM%, Soil Salinity, pH, and Moisture.	3 cores, 18 archived samples/CRMS Site	Decade

TYPICAL CRMS SITE SAMPLING & DATA COLLECTION AREAS

CRMS Sampling Area: 1 km2 aerial photo area CRMS Sampling Area: 200m X 200m data collection area



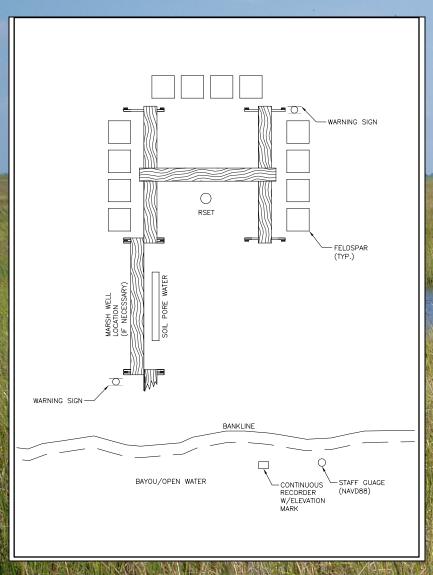
- 2m X 2m vegetation station for collecting % cover and species abundance (within 10 ft X 600 ft area)
- * Sediment Elevation Table (SET) for collecting elevation data
- + Data Sonde collecting water level and salinity

Boardwalk

Site Characterization

Site Characterization Sheet (Page 1 of 3)	Site Characterization Sheet (Page 2 of 3)	
Site: CRMS0489 (Annual) Basin: TV	Site: CRMS0489 (Annual) Basin: TV	
Date and Time (CST) of Site Visit: 06/15/2005 @ 08:46 Agency: CES	Date and Time (CST) of Site Visit: 06/15/2005 @ 08:46 Agency: CES	
Field Personnel: B. Handley, G. Thibodeaux, J. Cancienne, R. Broussard Weather: Clear, 90°F, Winds SW @ 0 - 5mph	6. Vegetation:	
1. Site Location and Access: Has site been relocated from original CRMS centerpoint? Easting: Northing:	Dominant Species: Sagittaria lancifolia, Leersia oryzoides	
Site Coordinates (Center Point; UTM, NAD83 Meters) Access: Nearest City: Burns Highway Access: Rt. 317	Current Marsh Type: Fresh Bulltongue Visser/Sasser Marsh Type: Oliqohaline Spikerush	
Boat Ramp: Burns Point Rec. Area Landing		
Type of Water Vessel: Any Directions from field office: Follow Hwy, 14 east to US-90. Take US-90 south to the Rt. 317 exit toward Burns Point/Centerville. Turn right and take Rt. 317 to Burns Point. The Rec. Area will be on the right. Pay \$1.00 entry fee. The ramp is at the end of the road.	7. Marsh Characteristics: Other Species Present: Eleocharis tuberculosa, Vigna luteola, Schoenoplectus californicus, Typha latifolia, Cladium mariscus ssp. jamaicense, Polygonum spp., Daucus carota, Pontederia cordata, Panicum	
Direction from boat ramp to site: Follow the coast to the north. Just past the second large	hemitomon, Ipomoea sagittata, Symphyotrichum tenuifolium, Eichhornia crassipes	
keyhole, enter a small bayou. The sonde is placed on the right side about 30m/100ft. up the	Vegetation Characteristics (average height, grazing, burning, herbivory, wrack deposition, etc): Vegetation generally	
bayou. The center is 15m/50ft into the marsh from there. Site Restrictions: Contact Clyde Breaux (337-836-9481) for Delores Arnaud prior to visit. Location of Secondary Benchmark: TV04-SM-03	5ft/1.5m tall; no evidence of grazing, burning, or wrack, but active herbivory by caterpillars	
Other: See Site Location and Access (continued), Page 3	Marsh Stability (brokenness, soil consolidation, edge shearing): Very firm and well consolidated, no edge shearing.	
Coordinates of Location (UTM, NAD 83 Meters) Recommended Set-up (Wooden post, Mono-pole, Well): Description of area [describe water body (size, depth, consistency of bottom), distance from edge, salinity]: 2.25ft/0.6m deep, very steep-sided, moderately firm-bottomed trenasse; 30.3°C, 47 fµS, 0.2ppt; sonde 2ft/0.6m from edge. 3. Boardwalk Details: Easting: Northing:	Water on Marsh (depth, salinity): N/A	
Coordinates of Access Point (UTM, NAD83 Meters) Direction/Bearing of Access Boardwalk (degrees) Approximate length of Access (Additional) Boardwalk (ft) Direction/Bearing of Base Boardwalk (degrees) 138°	Other: This site was reclassified from Oligohaline Spikerush to Fresh Bulltongue due to the abundance of S. lancifolia during site characterization on June 15, 2005. Although spikerush was present it was not a dominant or codominant species.	
Site Layout Details: (airboat access direction, vegetation transect orientation, RSET location, etc) Airboat access is from the SW, veg. transect NE-SW, RSET SW of base boardwalk	8. Floating Marsh: Recommended Set-up (Floating or Static): N/A Mat thickness (ft): N/A Mat characteristics: N/A Distance from mat surface to firm substrate: N/A	
5. Photos:	9. Potential Site Problems:	
Number Direction Time Stamp Number Direction Time Stamp 1 N 9:43	The bay can be quite choppy and the shoreline is receeding. Otherwise this site is ideal. Landowner's property does not extend far NW of bayou, be very careful with land rights.	
4 W 9:43		

Site schematic and photos









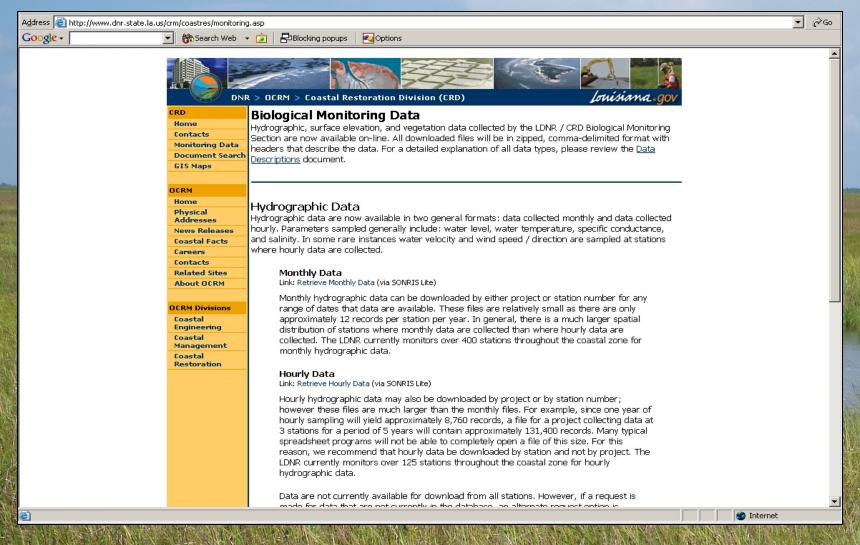
Project Status Milestones

- Landrights
 - 413 of 612 sites secured
- Cost Share Agreement
 - signed June 8, 2004
- Standard Operating Procedures Manual finalized August 15, 2005
- Contractor Selection
 - secured February 1, 2005
- Data Collection Equipment
 - contract secured June 2005
- Secondary Benchmarks
 - installed 66 additional benchmarks in July and August 2005
- Contractor Training
 - phased training in March and August 2005
- Site Construction
 - began in July 2005

Project Status

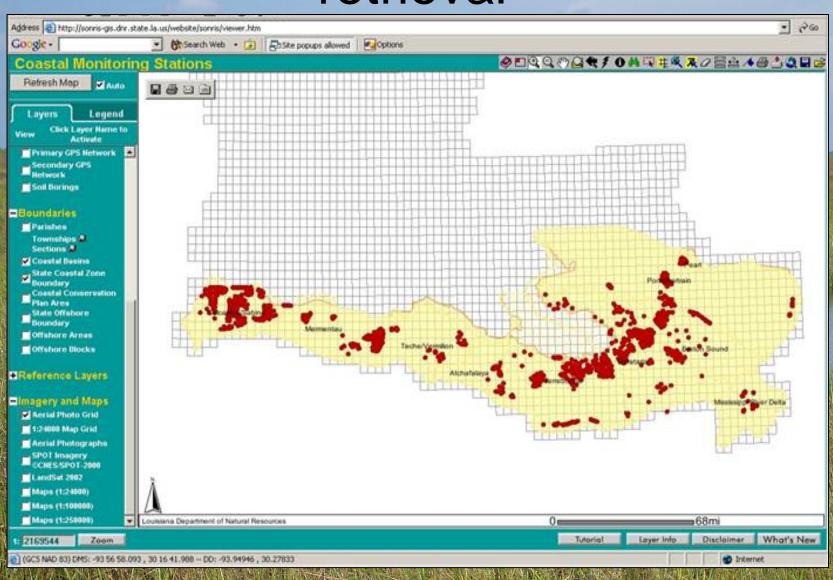
- The CRMS construction and monitoring contract was awarded to Coastal Estuary Services, LLC (CES; a partnership between Shaw and CH2MHILL).
- Site establishment, construction, and initial data collection has begun on Year 1 and Annual CRMS-Wetlands Sites. 40 sites have been constructed and surveyed to NAVD88. Those sites are currently being assessed for damages from Hurricanes Katrina and Rita.
- Landrights are secured for 413 sites (68%). Landrights acquisition for the remaining 199 sites continues.
- Coastwide digital ortho-imagery acquisition will occur between October 15 and December 15, 2005
- Website and Data Delivery Systems complete. Interactive graphing capabilities under development.

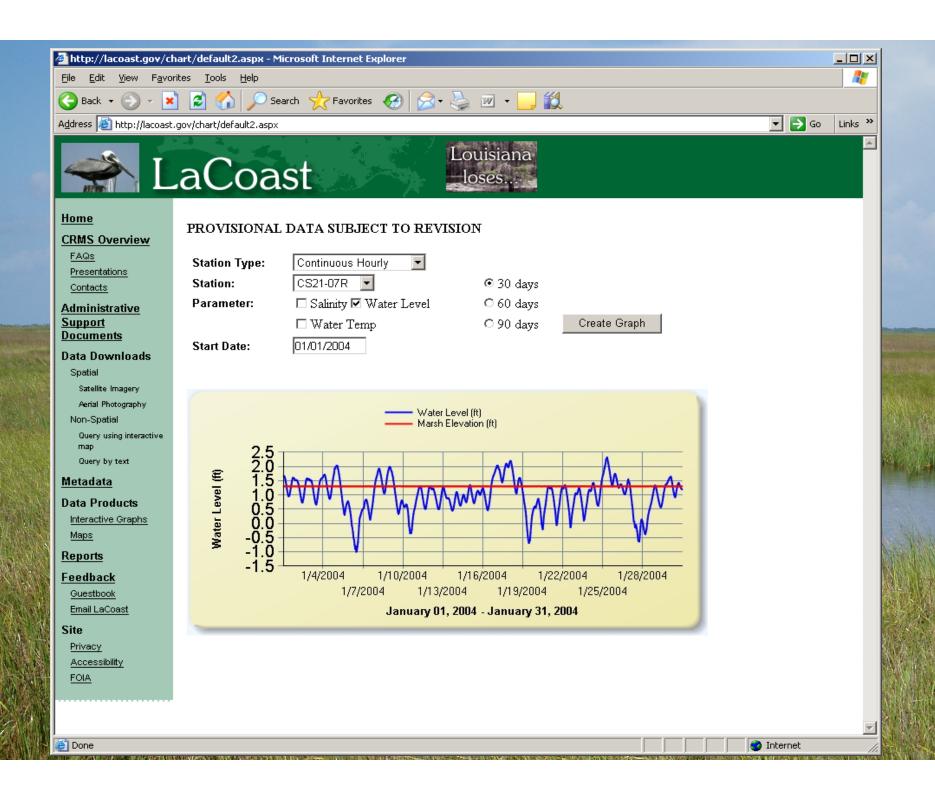
Public Data Retrieval



CRMS-Wetlands monitoring data will be available through LDNR's data server, SONRIS Lite:

Linked spatial data and document retrieval







CRMS-Wetlands References



- Steyer, G. D., C. E. Sasser, J. M. Visser, E. M. Swenson, J. A. Nyman, and R. C. Raynie. 2003. A proposed coast-wide reference monitoring system for evaluating wetland restoration trajectories in coastal Louisiana. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment 81:107-117.
- Visser, J. M., R. H. Chabreck, C. E. Sasser, R. G. Linscombe.
 2000. Marsh Vegetation Types of the Chenier Plain, Louisiana,
 USA. Estuaries 23(3):318-327.
- Visser, J. M., C. E. Sasser, R. H. Chabreck, and R. G. Linscombe. 1998. Marsh vegetation types of the Mississippi River Deltaic Plain, USA. Estuaries 21(4B):818-828.
- Web links: www.savelawetlands.org; www.lacoast.gov











